### Unit 7: *Knowing What You Breathe*

- Oxygen Analyzers
- Analyzing Your Gas
  - Cylinder Labeling
  - Filling Out The Logbook

**DIVE SAFETY THROUGH EDUCATION** 



Unit 7 - Knowing What You Breathe

#### **Student Performance**

By the end of this lesson, you will be able to:

- Describe oxygen analyzers and why analysis is necessary.
- State how to analyze your nitrox list.
  - Describe how your cylinder should be labeled after it is filled.
  - Explain why a fill station logbook is kept and how to enter your fill information in the log.

#### **How Oxygen Analyzers Work**

- Oxygen analyzers come in all sizes
- Most have digital readouts, but analog readouts are also available
- Analyzers should have an accuracy of one-tenth of one percent (e.g., 31.7% vs. 32%)



## How Oxygen Analyzers Work continued

- The sensor commonly used in nitrox analysis is electrochemical
  - They are rugged, portable and relatively less expensive than other types
- An essential operation in using any analyzer is calibrating it
  - Must be calibrated before each use
  - Nitrox analyzers are normally calibrated using standard air (20.9% or 21%)
- Generally accepted that mix be within ±1% of target value



## **Analyzing Your Gas**

- Accurate analysis depends on the reliability of the analyzer and the flow rate through the oxygen sensor.
  - Acceptable flow rate is about
    1 liter per minute and should
    be between ½ and 2 liters per minute.



## Analyzing Your Gas continued

- Accurate oxygen analysis depends on accurate calibration of the analyzer.
  - Use a known source such as an air cylinder to ensure proper calibration.
- Once calibrated, attach the analyzer to your nitrox cylinder, confirm that flow rate is the same as during calibration and allow analyzer to stabilize.
- Record this information on your cylinder contents label.

## **Tracking Your Nitrox Cylinder**

#### Cylinder Labeling

- Every nitrox cylinder must be properly labeled with contents and other pertinent information.
- Prepare cylinder label immediately after analyzing to avoid forgetful errors.
- Data should include fill date, oxygen percentage, maximum operating depth, cylinder pressure, and name of analyzer/end-user.



# **Tracking Your Nitrox Cylinder**

continued

#### Filling Out The Logbook

- Once you have analyzed your cylinder and labeled it, you will be asked to complete the permanent Fill Station Logbook and sign that you have received the cylinder.
- Enter your name, date, your certification, cylinder's serial number, pressure, oxygen mix, maximum operating depth, signature.
- Logbook tracks all nitrox cylinders leaving facility.
- Logbook verifies that you either analyzed the contents or knew the particulars of the fill when you received your cylinder.

#### End of Unit 7 *Knowing What You Breathe*

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